

1. A method for preventing and/or treating venous thromboembolic disease, wherein a prophylactically or therapeutically effective amount of an agent active on bacteria of the Chlamydia genus, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, is administered to a patient requiring such a treatment.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the Chlamydia is *Chlamydia pneumoniae*.
3. A method according to claim 1, wherein said active agent is an antibiotic agent.
4. The method of claim 3, wherein the antibiotic agent is selected from the group consisting of macrolides, tetracyclines, fluoroquinolones and rifampicin.
5. The method according to claim 1 intended for the prevention of recurrences subsequent to a first venous thrombosis.